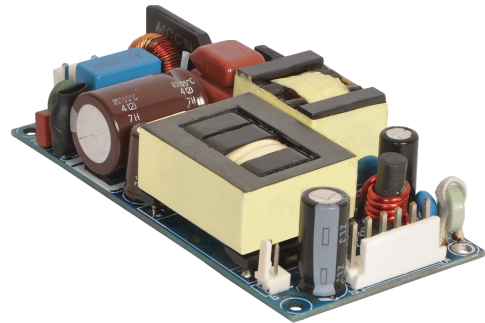


# WLP225 Series

## 225 Watts

- Low profile 1"
- 4 x 2" footprint
- Up to 94% efficient
- 120W Convection cooled / 225W Fan cooled
- Cover kits available
- EN55032 Level B conducted & radiated
- 5 Year warranty



The WLP225 series of low profile, open frame AC-DC power modules offer 120W convection cooled and 225W fan cooled in a 4" x 2" package. The 1" low profile product is available with molex or screw cage terminals and offers an onboard fan output (12V 0.5A). They are chassis mount, low noise, low no load (<0.5W), with a wide operating temperature of -40 to 70°C, in a range of voltages from 12V to 58V and all come with a FIDUS 5 year warranty.

Dimensions:

4 x 2 x 1" (101.6 x 50.8 x 25.4mm)

## Models & Ratings

INSTALLATION ADVICE PG5

Model Number <sup>(1)</sup>	Output Power <sup>(2)</sup>	Output voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	Output Current			Efficiency <sup>(4)</sup>
			Convection at 50° C	Convection at 40° C	300LFM Fan cooled	
LFWLP225-1301	225W	12V	9.37A	10.00A	18.75A	92%
LFWLP225-1303	225W	24V	4.68A	5.00A	9.37A	93%
LFWLP225-1304	225W	48V	2.34A	2.50A	4.68A	94%
LFWLP225-1305	225W	30V	3.75A	4.00A	7.50A	93%
LFWLP225-1336	225W	36V	3.12A	3.33A	6.25A	93%

## Notes

1. For screw terminal version replace 3 above for 0. Example 'LFWLP225-1001'
2. Combined output power is main DC output + fan output (12V 0.5A)
3. 15V & 58V unit also available, please contact sales
4. At 100% load, 230VAC
5. Cover kit available LFWLP225-CK. Cover kit derates unit to 70%
6. Loom kits available. See 'Installation Advice' on pg5
7. For class II versions please contact sales

## Key specifications

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
AC Input range	85		264	VAC	Derate from 100% at 100VAC to 95% at 85VAC
Operating temperature	-40		70	°C	See derating curve p3. Ripple can be 10% or more between -40 and 0°C, start-up guaranteed.
Efficiency	See ratings table above				
Dimensions	4 x 2 x 1" (101.6 x 50.8 x 25.4mm)				
EMC	EN55032 Level B conducted and radiated EN61000-3 and EN61000-4, harmonics, flicker, Surge, EFT, ESD, conducted and radiated. GB17625 1-2012				
Safety	IEC60950-1, EN60950-1, UL60950-1, CSA22.2 No 60950-1, CE, Class 1 SELV, GB4943. 1-2011 and GB9254-2008				

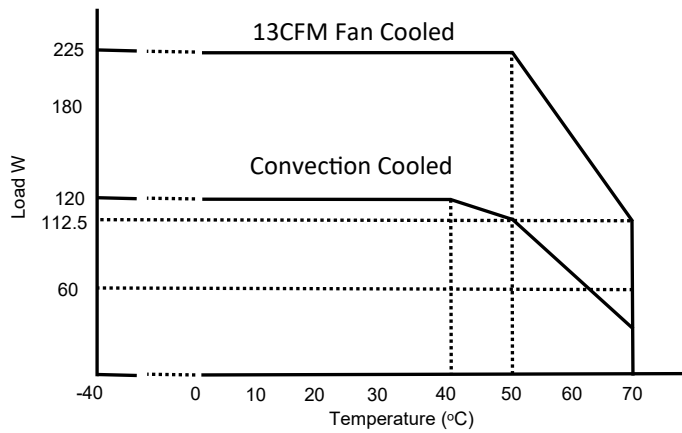
Input					
Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Input voltage	85		264	VAC	Derate from 100% at 100VAC to 95% at 85VAC
Input frequency	47		63	Hz	
Power factor	0.95				EN61000-3-2 class D compliant, at full load
Input current (rms)			2.2	A	At 115VAC
			1.1		At 230VAC
Inrush current			25	A	115VAC cold start at 25°C
			45		230VAC cold start at 25°C
No load input power		<0.5		W	

Output					
Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Output voltage	12		58	VDC	See Model & Ratings table
Output Voltage Adjust		±3		%	
Set point accuracy			±1	%	
Line regulation			±0.5	%	
Load regulation			±0.5	%	
Minimum load	0			%	
Transient response			4	%	25% step change, 0.1A/uS slew 50% duty 50hz in <5ms
Ripple & Noise		1		%	All models measured with 0.1uF ceramic and 10uF electrolytic capacitor. 20 MHz bandwidth at rated VAC
Hold up time	10		16	mS	10mS at 225W, 16mS at 110W
Overload protection	110			%	Automatic recovery
Short circuit protection					Trip and restart. Automatic recovery
Overvoltage protection	110		140	%	
Leakage current		300		uA	Not applicable for class II versions
Touch current			100	uA	

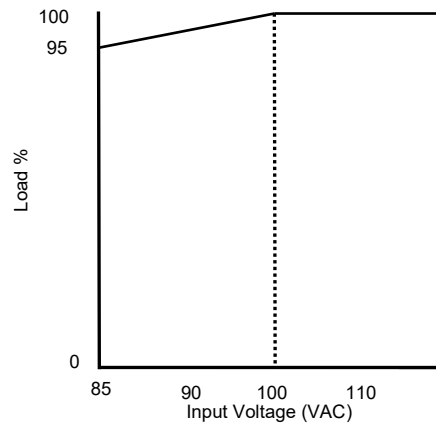
General					
Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Efficiency	Please see ratings table on page 1				
Isolation: Input to Output	3000			VAC	
Input to Ground	1500			VAC	
Switching frequency	50		80	KHz	For power switching. PFC switching: 70-130KHz
Power density			28.1	W/In <sup>3</sup>	
MTBF	>3.37			MHrs	As per Telcordia-SR332– issue 3
Weight		200		g	

Environmental					
Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Operating temperature	-40		70	°C	Please see derating curve on page 3
Storage temperature	-40		85	°C	
Cooling					Convection cooled / fan cooled 13CFM
Altitude	16000		40000	ft	16000ft operating 40000ft non operating
Humidity	5		95	% RH	Non condensing

**Power Derating Curve**



**AC Input Derating Curve**



## EMC: Emissions

	Standard	Test level	Criteria	Notes & Conditions
Conducted	EN55032	B		CISPR22-B, FCC PART15-B
Radiated	EN55032	B		With ferrite ring core K5B RC 25x12x15-M on input
Harmonic current	EN61000-3-2	Class D		
Voltage flicker	EN61000-3-3			

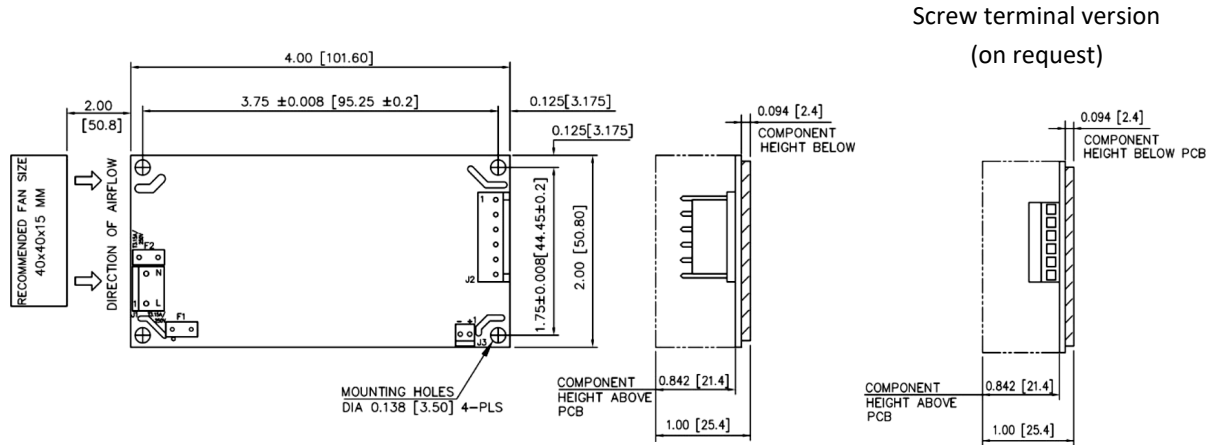
## EMC: Immunity

	Standard	Test level	Criteria	Notes & Conditions
ESD	EN61000-4-2	3	A	±6KV/contact, ±8KV air.
Radiated	EN61000-4-3	3	A	10V/m 80MHz-2.7GHz sine wave 80% AM 1KHz
EFT	EN61000-4-4	3	A	2KV Power, 1KV I/O 5KHz
Surges	EN61000-4-5	Installation Class 3	A	1KV Live-Neutral, 2KV Live/Neutral—Earth
Conducted	EN61000-4-6	3	A	10V, 0.15 to 80MHz sine wave 80AM 1KHz
Magnetic Fields	EN61000-4-8	3	A	10A/m
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	EN61000-4-11		A,B	

## Safety Approvals

	Safety standard	Notes & Conditions
UL/CSA	UL60950-1 2nd Ed., CSA 22.2 No 60950-1-07 2nd Ed.	UL: 20141217-E150565
CB	IEC60950-1 2nd Ed. 2006/A2:2013	Test cert: Class I NO83507 Class II NO83790
Nemko	EN60950-1 2nd Ed. 2006/A2:2013	Nemko Class I P14219072 Class II P14219134
CCC	GB4943. 1-2011 GB9254-2008	China
CE		2011/65/EU RoHS Directive and 2014/35/EU Low voltage directive
Equipment protection class		Class I (please contact sales for class II versions)

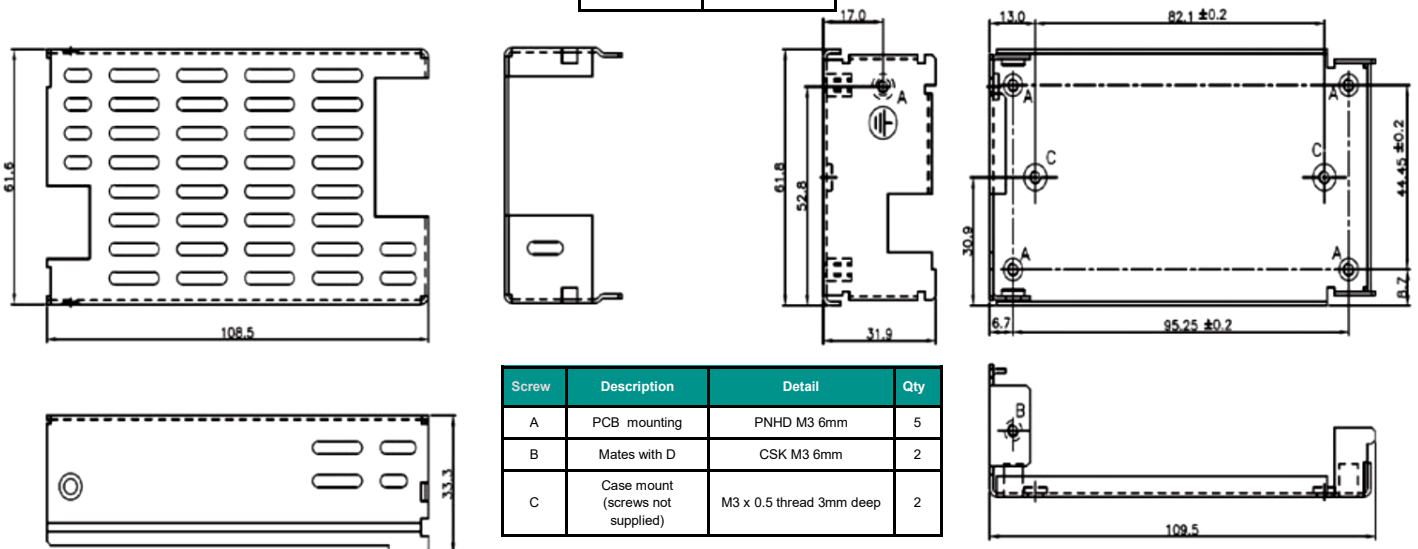
## Mechanical Details



J1: Input Connector <sup>(2)</sup>	
Pin Connections	
Pin	Function
1	AC Line
2	AC Neutral

J2: Output Connector <sup>(3)</sup>	
Pin Connections	
Pin	Function
1	+Vout
2	+Vout
3	+Vout
4	-Vout
5	-Vout
6	-Vout

J3: Fan Connector <sup>(4)</sup>	
Pin Connections	
Pin	Function
1	Fan +
2	Fan -



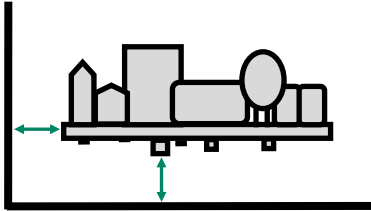
### Notes

- All WLP225 shown in Inches [mm], WLP225CK mm
- J1: Input connector details: Molex: 26-60-4030 mating part: Molex: 09-50-3031 or equivalent
- J2: Output connector details: Molex: 26-60-4060 mating part Molex: 09-50-3061 or equivalent

- J3: Output connector details: AMP: 640456-2 mating part AMP: 640440-2
- Case supplied with mylar insulator

## Installation Advice

### Safety



On installation customers must consider the required creepage and clearance distances between the PSU and the end-equipment enclosure. These distances vary depending on the installation class and safety standard requirements.

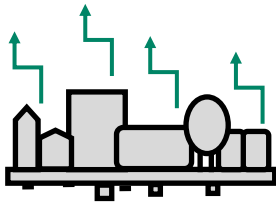
For **Class I** installations there should be 3-4mm between any part of the PSU and any earthed metal part of the enclosure. 3mm is acceptable for IT applications, 4mm required for medical applications. In Class I installations the PSU earth point must be connected to system safety ground.

For **Class II** installations distances may need to be increased if being installed into a surrounding metal enclosure.

Ensure consideration of components on the underside of the PCB or low lying spills when measuring clearance distances between the PSU and the end-equipment. Also top surface especially in tight enclosures such as 1U boxes. An insulation material can be used between PSU and metal if smaller gap required.

FiDUS recommends installing the PSU on 6mm stand offs typically, but check the distances.

### EMC

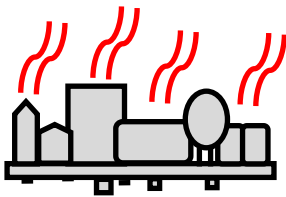


Conducted and radiated emissions compliance is a common application consideration. It is important to remember that even when using a properly filtered PSU, an application may still not achieve compliance if it is not designed to minimise emissions. That being said, there are a number of things that can be done to optimise EMC performance either as best practice, or if you are struggling for compliance:

- 1) Connect all marked EMI ground points to earth. Often these are combined with the safety earth point (in class I installations), but on some power supplies there may be additional earth tags or mounting points.
- 2) Minimise the length of input/output wiring where possible and try to maintain max distance of the conductors from the PSU, to prevent noise pick up. Avoid bundling input and output cables together. A common component to avoid placing wiring near is the PFC inductor in power factor corrected power supplies.
- 3) Apply additional filtering before the PSU input (ensure consideration of which frequencies there are issues with before selecting a filter).
- 4) When using an open frame PSU, mount the supply on a metal plate and connect EMI mounting points.
- 5) In multi circuit systems, decouple the circuits locally.
- 6) Ferrites added between the PSU and system input connector and/or the DC output cables can help in reducing radiated noise issues in systems. If seen, issues are commonly in the 30-150MHz area.

For more detailed assistance, if you still have any concerns with compliance, please get in contact with our Engineering department who are on hand to assist with any queries.

### Thermal

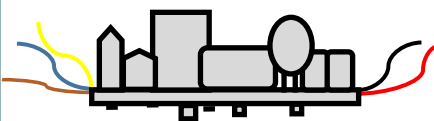


Thermal management is an important consideration when thinking about equipment service life. Electrolytic capacitors within the PSU wear with time and are typically the first end-of-life failure. Keeping the operation temperature of key components within the PSU, such as the electrolytic capacitors, as low as possible is paramount. As a general rule, for every 10°C drop in the operating temperature of the electrolytic capacitors you double their lifetime, and thus the lifetime of the power supply. When looking at thermal performance it is helpful to test under a worst-case set of conditions, to ensure component temperatures are in an acceptable range for the required service life. Then consider the impact of operational time, load and temperature profile to estimate a more realistic lifetime for your PSU.

Also, many FiDUS power supplies offer a *Peak Power* rating to provide for customers with pulsing loads. When using a peak power capability customers must consider:

- 1) Peak duration rating: the maximum length of time the peak can be drawn for
- 2) Duty cycle: the frequency with which the peak can be drawn. (e.g. 10% duty cycle, 1 second on:9 seconds off)
- 3) Average power value: datasheets will state the maximum average power acceptable with peak power PSUs. If any of these elements are exceeded the supply may overheat, with performance and lifetime suffering as a result.

### Connectivity



All FiDUS Power engineering samples requested will arrive with a free of charge loom kit for ease of testing.

The loom kit connects to the input/output terminals of the PSU and provides the customer with bare wire ends to connect with.

The loom kits can also prove advantageous for ease of installation in production. Please contact sales if you are interested in including the loom kit in your quotation.

Alternatively the input/output connector and mating part details can be found in the attached table.

	Part Number	Mating Part Number
Input	Molex: 26-60-4030	Molex: 09-50-3031
Output	Molex: 26-60-4060	Molex: 09-50-3061
Loom Kit	WLP225-LK	